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SAFETY DATA SHEET

PR 2003 BLACK UVTR

Section 1. Identification			
GHS product identifier Chemical name CAS number Other means of identification Product type	:	PR 2003 BLACK UVTR Mixture Mixture CC10323465 solid	
		or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	:	Industrial applications. Plastics.	
Supplier's details	:	GEON Performance Solutions LLC 33587 Walker Road, Avon Lake, OH 44012	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (866) POLYONE CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).	

Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. Some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms	:	

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Signal word Hazard statements	:	Danger May form combustible dust concentrations in air. Causes serious eye damage.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	Wear eye or face protection.
Response	:	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	:	Keep container tightly closed.
Hazards not otherwise classified	:	None known.
		Not available.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical name	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	CC10323465

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Carbon black	5 - 10	1333-86-4
Decanedioic acid, bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester	5 - 10	52829-07-9
2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9- bis(octadecyloxy)-	1 - 3	3806-34-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures



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Eye contact Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Inhalation Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. Skin contact Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Ingestion Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended
Skin contact	exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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the following:
the following:
the following:
the following:
<u>if necessary</u>
osition products in a fire, symptoms erson may need to be kept under rs.
ng any personal risk or without ed that fumes are still present, the ate mask or self-contained breathing to the person providing aid to give Vash contaminated clothing moving it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical powder. Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.
Hazardous thermal	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials:



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decomposition products		carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides
Special protective actions for fire- fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire- exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self- contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel For emergency responders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
Methods and materials for containme	nt ai	nd cleaning up	
Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.	
Large spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted	

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with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not ingest. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a well-ventilated place. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Carbon black	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 3.5 mg/m3 OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 3.5 mg/m3 NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) TWA 3.5 mg/m3 NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) TWA 0.1 mgPAH/m ³ ACGIH TLV (2010-12-06) TWA 3 mg/m3 Form: Inhalable fraction
Decanedioic acid, bis(2,2,6,6- tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester	None.
2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9- diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9- bis(octadecyloxy)-	None.

Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls Individual protection measures	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.



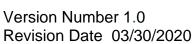
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Eye/face protection Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. **Skin protection** Hand protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved : standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. **Body protection** Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based : on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Other skin protection Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. **Respiratory protection** Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Color	:	solid [Powder.] BLACK
Odor	:	Not available.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
pH Malting paint	:	Not available.
Melting point Boiling point	:	Not available. Not available.
Flash point	:	Not available.
Burning time	:	Not available.
Burning rate	:	Not available.



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Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	:	Lower: Not available.
(flammable) limits		Upper: Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-	:	Not available.
octanol/water		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Dynamic: Not available.
		Kinematic: Not available.

Aerosol product

Heat of combustion	:	Not available.
Ignition distance	:	Not available.
Enclosed space ignition - Time	:	Not available.
equivalent		
Enclosed space ignition -	:	Not available.
Deflagration density		
Flame height	:	Not available.
Flame duration	:	Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.			
Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).			
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.			
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.			
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials			
Hazardous decomposition	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition			
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products

products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
Carbon black					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15,400 mg/kg	-	
Remarks - Inhalation:	No applicable toxi	city data			
Remarks - Dermal:	No applicable toxi	city data			
Decanedioic acid, bis(2,2,6,6-t	etramethyl-4-piperic	linyl) ester			
Remarks - Oral:	No applicable toxicity data				
Remarks - Inhalation:	No applicable toxicity data				
Remarks - Dermal:	No applicable toxicity data				
2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosp	naspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(octadecyloxy)-				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10,000 mg/kg	-	
Remarks - Inhalation:	No applicable toxicity data				
Remarks - Dermal:	No applicable toxicity data				
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixtu	re.Not fully tested.			

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9- diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecan e, 3,9-bis(octadecyloxy)-	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit			-
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin Eyes Respiratory	: M	ixture.Not ful ixture.Not ful ixture.Not ful	ly tested.		
Sensitization					
Conclusion/Summary					
Skin	: M	ixture.Not ful	ly tested.		
Respiratory	: M	ixture.Not ful	ly tested.		
Mutagenicity					





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Conclusion/Summary	: 1	Mixture.Not fully tested.		
Carcinogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: 1	Mixture.Not fully	tested.	
Classification				
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	
Carbon black	-	2B	-	
Reproductive toxicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: 1	Mixture.Not fully	tested.	
<u>Teratogenicity</u>				
Conclusion/Summary	: 1	Mixture.Not fully	tested.	
Specific target organ toxicity (Not available.	<u>(single exposi</u>	<u>ure)</u>		
<u>Specific target organ toxicity (</u> Not available.	repeated exp	<u>posure)</u>		
Aspiration hazard Not available.				
Information on likely routes o exposure	f : 1	Not available.		
Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact Inhalation	: 1		damage. ne concentrations above statutory or recommended by cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.	
Skin contact	: 1	No known signific	ant effects or critical hazards.	
Ingestion	: 1	No known signific	ant effects or critical hazards.	
Symptoms related to the physi	ical, chemica	l and toxicologica	l characteristics	
Eye contact	: /	Adverse symptoms	s may include the following: pain, watering, redness	
Inhalation			s may include the following: respiratory tract	
Skin contact		irritation, coughing Adverse symptoms	g may include the following: pain or irritation,	
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Ingestion	:	redness, blistering may occur Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Delayed and immediate effects as	well as	chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	:	Not available. Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	:	Not available. Not available.
Potential chronic health effects		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
General	:	Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	6,160.5 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Carbon black			
Remarks - Acute - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data		
	Acute EC50 37.563 Mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · ·	•





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	water	Daphnia	
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	Acute		
invertebrates.:			
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	No applicable toxicity data		
plants:			
Remarks - Chronic - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data		
Remarks - Chronic -	No applicable toxicity data		
Aquatic invertebrates.:			
Decanedioic acid, bis(2,2,6,6-t	etramethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester		
Remarks - Acute - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data		_
	Acute EC50 8.6 Mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Daphnia	
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	Acute		
invertebrates.:			
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	No applicable toxicity data		
plants:			
Remarks - Chronic - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data		
Remarks - Chronic -	No applicable toxicity data		
Aquatic invertebrates.:			
2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosp	haspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(octadec	yloxy)-	
Remarks - Acute - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data		
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	No applicable toxicity data		
invertebrates.:			
Remarks - Acute - Aquatic	No applicable toxicity data		
plants:			
Remarks - Chronic - Fish:	No applicable toxicity data		
Remarks - Chronic -	No applicable toxicity data		
Aquatic invertebrates.:			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Decanedioic acid, bis(2,2,6,6-	0.35	-	low
tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl) ester			

Mobility in soil

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	:	Not available.
(KOC) Other adverse effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever : possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

Section 14. Transport information

U.S.DOT 49CFR Ground/Air/Water	:	Not regulated for transportation.
International Air ICAO/IATA	:	Consult mode specific transport rules
International Water IMO/IMDG	:	Consult mode specific transport rules

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	:	 United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None of the components are listed. United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed
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United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not determined United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): Not listed United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR): Not listed United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -Hazardous substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: Not listed Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Not listed Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Not listed : Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Not listed : **DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor** : Not listed **DEA List II Chemicals (Essential** : Not listed

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

not applicable

SARA 311/312

Substances

Substances

Chemicals)

Chemicals)

Classification

COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS

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SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-	>= 1 - <= 3	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B
diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecan		
e, 3,9-bis(octadecyloxy)-		
Decanedioic acid,	>= 5 - <= 10	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-		
piperidinyl) ester		
Carbon black	>= 5 - <= 10	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

Not applicable.

State regulations	
Massachusetts	: None of the components are listed.
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	: The following components are listed:
	Carbon black
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed:
	Carbon black

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to Carbon black, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Carbon black	-	-

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	All components are active or exempted.	
Canada inventory	:	All components are listed or exempted.	
International regulations			
<u>Inventory list</u>			
Australia	:	Not determined.	
Canada	:	All components are listed or exempted.	
China	:	Not determined.	
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Europe inventory	:	Not determined.
Japan	:	Not determined.
New Zealand	:	Not determined.
Philippines	:	Not determined.
Republic of Korea	:	Not determined.
Taiwan	:	Not determined.
Turkey	:	Not determined.
United States	:	All components are active or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	/	3
Flammability		3
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual. History

History		
Date of printing	:	12/20/2024
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	03/30/2020
Date of previous issue	:	00/00/0000
Version	:	1.0
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
•		BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
		GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of
		Chemicals
		IATA = International Air Transport Association
		IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
		IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
		LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
		MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From
		Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine
		pollution)
		UN = United Nations
References	:	Not available.
Notice to reader		

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To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. Particularly this information may not be valid for such material used in conjunction with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

