GEON[®] Performance Solutions

SAFETY DATA SHEET GEON EXP CP X150-206-120-100 WHITE 1417

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

GEON EXP CP X150-206-120-100 WHITE 1417

| Section 1. Identification | | |
|--|---|--|
| GHS product identifier Chemical name CAS number Other means of identification Product type | : | GEON EXP CP X150-206-120-100 WHITE 1417 Mixture Mixture VC10002864 solid |
| | | e or mixture and uses advised against Industrial applications. Plastics. |
| Supplier's details | : | GEON Performance Solutions LLC 25777 Detroit Road Suite 202, Westlake, Ohio 44145 |
| Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) | : | 1-800-GET-GEON or 1-800-438-4366 CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident). |

Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. All ingredients are bound in a PVC polymer matrix and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. PVC resin is manufactured from Vinyl Chloride Monomer (VCM). PVC resin manufacturers take special efforts to strip residual VCM from their resins. Residual VCM in the resin is typically below 8.5 ppm. However, VCM is a known carcinogen. The end-user (fabricator) should take necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, local exhaust, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure to any vapors or dusts that may be released during heating or fabrication. See Sections 8 and 11 for special precautions.After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

| OSHA/HCS status | : | This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). |
|--|---|--|
| Classification of the substance or mixture | : | COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 |

GHS label elements



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| |

| Hazard pictograms | : | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Signal word | : | Danger |
| Hazard statements | : | May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. |
| | | May form combustible dust concentrations in air. |
| Precautionary statements | | |
| | : | Not applicable. |
| Prevention | : | Wear respiratory protection. Avoid breathing dust or mist. |
| Response | : | IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. |
| Storage | : | Not applicable. |
| Disposal | : | Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Supplemental label elements | : | Keep container tightly closed. |
| Hazards not otherwise classified | : | None known. Not available. |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | : | Mixture |
|-------------------------------|---|------------|
| Chemical name | : | Mixture |
| Other means of identification | : | VC10002864 |

CAS number/other identifiers

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|------------------|---------------|------------|
| Titanium dioxide | >= 10 - <= 25 | 13463-67-7 |
| Azodicarbonamide | >= 0.3 - <= 1 | 123-77-3 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact | : | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. |
|--------------|---|--|
| Inhalation | : | Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. |
| Skin contact | : | Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | : | Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| Potential acute health effects | | |
|--------------------------------|---|-----|
| Eye contact | : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes. | ed |
| Inhalation | : Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs. We cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled | 1ay |
| Skin contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |

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| Ingestion | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|--|
| Over-exposure signs/symptoms | | |
| Eye contact | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness |
| Inhalation | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma |
| Skin contact | : | No specific data. |
| Ingestion | : | No specific data. |
| Indication of immediate medical | attentio | n and special treatment needed, if necessary |
| Notes to physician | : | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
| Specific treatments | : | No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |
| See toxicological information (Se | ction 11) | |

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

| Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media | : | Use dry chemical powder. Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture. |
|--|---|---|
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : | May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed. |
| Hazardous thermal | : | May emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl). |
| decomposition products | | Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides |



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| | |

| Special protective actions for fire- fighters | : | Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire- |
|--|---|---|
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : | exposed containers cool. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self- contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| For non-emergency personnel For emergency responders | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. |
|---|---|
| Environmental precautions | See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |
| Methods and materials for contain | nent and cleaning up |
| Small spill | : Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| Large spill | Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |
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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures | : | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|---|---|--|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits





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| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|------------------|---|
| Titanium dioxide | OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (1996-05-18) TWA 10 mg/m3 |
| Azodicarbonamide | None. |

| Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls | : | Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |
|---|---|--|
| Individual protection measures | | |
| Hygiene measures | : | Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
| Eye/face protection | : | Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles. |
| Skin protection | | |
| Hand protection | : | Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products |
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| | | if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Body protection | : | Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Other skin protection | : | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : | Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

| Physical state | : | solid [Powder.] |
|---------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Color | : | WHITE |
| Odor | : | Not available. |
| Odor threshold | : | Not available. |
| рН | : | Not available. |
| Melting point | : | Not available. |
| Boiling point | : | Not available. |
| Flash point | : | Not available. |
| Burning time | : | Not available. |
| Burning rate | : | Not available. |
| Evaporation rate | : | Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : | Not available. |
| Lower and upper explosive | : | Lower: Not available. |
| (flammable) limits | | Upper: Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | : | Not available. |
| Vapor density | : | Not available. |
| Relative density | : | Not available. |
| Solubility | : | Not available. |
| Solubility in water | : | Not available. |
| Partition coefficient: n- | : | Not available. |
| octanol/water | | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : | Not available. |
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| : | Not available. |
|---|---|
| : | Not available. |
| : | Dynamic: Not available. |
| | Kinematic: Not available. |
| | |
| : | Not available. |
| : | Not available. |
| : | Not available. |
| | |
| : | Not available. |
| | |
| : | Not available. |
| : | Not available. |
| | ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::: |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7). |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation. |
| Incompatible materials | Avoid contact with acetal homopolymers and acetyl homopolymers during processing. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials |
| Hazardous decomposition products | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

| Acute toxicity | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------|---------|------|----------|
| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
| Titanium oxide (TiO2) | | | | |





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| 1,2-Diazenedicarboxamide Conclusion/Summary <u>Irritation/Corrosion</u> Conclusion/Summary Skin Eyes Respiratory | LC50 Inh Dusts and LD50 Der LD50 Ora : : | <u>l mists</u> rmal al Mixture Mixture | Rat - Mal Rabbit Rat Not fully t | | 6.82 Mg/l > 5,000 mg/kg 6,400 mg/kg | 4 h |
|--|---|--|---|---------|---|---------|
| Conclusion/Summary <u>Irritation/Corrosion</u> Conclusion/Summary Skin Eyes | LD50 De: LD50 Ora : : | rmal al Mixture Mixtur | Rat 2.Not fully t | ested. | - | |
| Conclusion/Summary <u>Irritation/Corrosion</u> Conclusion/Summary Skin Eyes | LD50 Ora : : | al Mixture Mixtur | Rat 2.Not fully t | ested. | - | |
| Conclusion/Summary <u>Irritation/Corrosion</u> Conclusion/Summary Skin Eyes | : | Mixture | .Not fully t | ested. | 6,400 mg/kg | - |
| <u>Irritation/Corrosion</u> Conclusion/Summary Skin Eyes | : | Mixture | .Not fully t | ested. | 0,+00 mg/kg | |
| <u>Irritation/Corrosion</u> Conclusion/Summary Skin Eyes | : | Mixtur | | ested. | | |
| Conclusion/Summary Skin Eyes | : | | o Not fully | | | |
| Skin Eyes | : | | a Not fully | | | |
| Eyes | : | | a Not fully | | | |
| | | Mixtur | | | | |
| Respiratory | : | | e.Not fully | | | |
| | | Mixtur | e.Not fully | tested. | | |
| <u>Sensitization</u> | | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | | | | | | |
| Skin | : | | e.Not fully | | | |
| Respiratory | : | Mixtur | e.Not fully | tested. | | |
| <u>Mutagenicity</u> | | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : | Mixtur | e.Not fully | tested. | | |
| Carcinogenicity | | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : | Mixtur | e.Not fully | tested. | | |
| Classification | | | | | | |
| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IA | RC | NTP | | |
| Titanium oxide (TiO2) | - | 2B | - | - | | |
| Reproductive toxicity | | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : | Mixtur | e.Not fully | tested. | | |
| Teratogenicity | | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : | Mixtur | e.Not fully | tested. | | |
| Specific target organ toxicity (s Not available. | single exp | <u>osure)</u> | | | | |
| Specific target organ toxicity (| repeated e | exposure | <u>)</u> | | | |
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Not available. **Aspiration hazard** Not available. Information on the likely routes of : Not available. exposure Potential acute health effects Eye contact Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended : exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes. Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended Inhalation : exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. **Skin contact** No known significant effects or critical hazards. : Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards. : Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics **Eve contact** Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness : Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract : irritation, coughing, wheezing and breathing difficulties, asthma Skin contact : No specific data. Ingestion No specific data. : Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Short term exposure **Potential immediate effects** Not available. : **Potential delayed effects** Not available. : Long term exposure **Potential immediate effects** Not available. : **Potential delayed effects** Not available. : **Potential chronic health effects Conclusion/Summary** Mixture.Not fully tested. : General : Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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| Mutagenicity Teratogenicity Developmental effects Fertility effects | :: | No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
|---|----|--|
| <u>Numerical measures of toxicity</u> <u>Acute toxicity estimates</u> N/A | | |
| Other information | : | This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture. |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|----------|
| Titanium oxide (TiO2) | | | |
| | Acute LC50 > 1,000 Mg/l Marine water | Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus | 96 h |
| | Acute LC50 3 Mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia | 48 h |
| | Acute LC50 6.5 Mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia pulex | 48 h |

Conclusion/Summary

Not available.

:

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|--------------------------|--------|-----|-----------|
| 1,2-Diazenedicarboxamide | 1 | - | low |

Mobility in soil





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| Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC) | : | Not available. |
|--|---|---|
| Other adverse effects | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever : possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

Section 14. Transport information

| U.S.DOT 49CFR Ground/Air/Water | : | Not regulated for transportation. |
|-----------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| International Air ICAO/IATA | : | Consult mode specific transport rules |
| International Water IMO/IMDG | : | Consult mode specific transport rules |

:

Section 15. Regulatory information

- **U.S. Federal regulations**
- United States TSCA 12(b) Chemical export notification: None



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| | | of the components are listed. |
|------------------------------------|---|---|
| | | United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed |
| | | United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed |
| | | United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed |
| | | United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed |
| | | United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not |
| | | listed |
| | | United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: |
| | | |
| | | Not listed |
| | | United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed |
| | | United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed |
| | | United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed |
| | | United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed |
| | | United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed |
| | | United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not determined |
| | | United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report |
| | | (PAIR): Not listed |
| | | United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR): |
| | | Not listed |
| | | United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed |
| | | United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority |
| | | pollutants: Listed Vinyl chloride monomer |
| | | ponutants. Easted vinyr emoriat monomer |
| | | United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 - |
| | | Hazardous substances: Not listed |
| | | United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental |
| | | release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed |
| | | United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental |
| | | release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed |
| | | United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: |
| | | Not listed |
| Clean Air Act Section 112(b) | : | Listed |
| Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) | • | Listed |
| Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I | : | Not listed |
| Substances | • | Not listed |
| Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II | : | Not listed |
| Substances | • | |
| | | Not listed |
| DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor | : | NUT HSTER |
| Chemicals) | | Not listed |
| DEA List II Chemicals (Essential | : | Not listed |

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

not applicable

Chemicals)

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Classification

COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1

Composition/information on ingredients

| Name | % | Classification |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer | >= 50 - <= 75 | COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS |
| Titanium oxide (TiO2) | >= 10 - <= 25 | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 |
| Octadecanoic acid, calcium salt (2:1) | >= 1 - <= 3 | COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS |
| 1,2-Diazenedicarboxamide | >= 0.3 - <= 1 | RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 |

Not applicable.

| State regulations | |
|-------------------|--|
| Massachusetts | : None of the components are listed. |
| New York | : None of the components are listed. |
| New Jersey | : The following components are listed: |
| | Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer Titanium dioxide |
| Pennsylvania | : The following components are listed: Titanium dioxide |
| | |

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to Titanium dioxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

| Ingredient name | No significant risk level | Maximum acceptable dosage level |
|------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Titanium dioxide | - | - |

| United States inventory (TSCA 8b) | : | All components are active or exempted. |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| Canada inventory | : | All components are listed or exempted. |

International regulations



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Inventory list

| Australia | : Not determined. |
|-------------------|--|
| Canada | : All components are listed or exempted. |
| China | : All components are listed or exempted. |
| Europe inventory | : All components are listed or exempted. |
| Japan | : All components are listed or exempted. |
| New Zealand | : All components are listed or exempted. |
| Philippines | : Not determined. |
| Republic of Korea | : All components are listed or exempted. |
| Taiwan | : All components are listed or exempted. |
| Turkey | : Not determined. |
| United States | : All components are active or exempted. |

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

| Health | * | 0 |
|------------------|---|---|
| Flammability | | 3 |
| Physical hazards | | 0 |
| | | |

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual. History

| Date of printing | : | 12/21/2024 |
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| Version | : | 1.3 |
| Key to abbreviations | : | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate |
| · | | BCF = Bioconcentration Factor |
| | | GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of |
| | | Chemicals |
| | | IATA = International Air Transport Association |
| | | IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container |
| | | IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods |
| | | LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient |
| | | MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From |
| | | Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine |



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pollution) UN = United Nations Not available.

References

Notice to reader

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